

## HW#5 Solutions

$$\begin{aligned} 4.1(a) \quad \mathcal{F}\{x(-t)\} &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(-t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ &\text{Replace 't' with '-t'} \\ &= \int_{-t=-\infty}^{-t=\infty} x(t) e^{j\omega t} d(-t) \\ &= \int_{t=-\infty}^{t=\infty} x(t) e^{j(-\omega)t} dt \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\mathcal{F}\{x(-t)\} = X(-\omega)}$$

$$(b) \quad x_e(t) = \frac{x(t) + x(-t)}{2}$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{x_e(t)\} = \frac{\mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} + \mathcal{F}\{x(-t)\}}{2}$$

$$\boxed{\mathcal{F}\{x_e(t)\} = \frac{X(\omega) + X(-\omega)}{2}}$$

4.1d

$x^*(t)$

$$\mathcal{F}\{x^*(t)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^*(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^*(t) e^{j(-\omega)t} dt$$

$$\boxed{\mathcal{F}\{x^*(t)\} = X^*(-\omega)}$$

4.6

$$y(t) = x(t+1) + x(t-1)$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{y(t)\} = Y(\omega) = \mathcal{F}\{x(t+1)\} + \mathcal{F}\{x(t-1)\}$$

$$x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$$

$$X(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-2t} u(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-2t} \cdot 1 \cdot e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-(j\omega+2)t} dt = \frac{e^{-(j\omega+2)t}}{-(j\omega+2)} \Big|_0^{\infty}$$

$$X(\omega) =$$

$$\frac{1}{j\omega+2}$$

Now, if  $x(t) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} X(\omega)$   
 $x(t-t_0) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} X(\omega) e^{-j\omega t_0}$

So,  $\mathcal{F}\{x(t+1)\} = X(\omega) e^{j\omega}$   
 $= \frac{1}{j\omega+2} e^{j\omega} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$

$\mathcal{F}\{x(t-1)\} = \frac{1}{j\omega+2} e^{-j\omega} \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$

Using  $\textcircled{1}$  &  $\textcircled{2}$

$Y(\omega) = \frac{1 \cdot 2}{j\omega+2} \left[ \frac{e^{j\omega} + e^{-j\omega}}{2} \right]$

$Y(\omega) = \frac{2 \cos \omega}{j\omega+2}$

4.9(a) Find the energy of  $x(t)$

$x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$

Energy,  $E = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |X(\omega)|^2 d\omega$

$X(\omega) = \mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} = \frac{1}{j\omega+2}$  (from problem 4.6)

$|X(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 + \omega^2}}$

$$E = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{w=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{w^2+4} dw$$

Using  $\int \frac{dy}{y^2+a^2} = \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{a}\right) + C$

$$\Rightarrow E = \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{w}{2}\right) \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\pi}{2} - \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right]$$

$$E = \frac{1}{4\pi} \cdot \pi = \frac{1}{4}$$