

# Conservation of Mass

## Reynolds Transport Theorem

$$\frac{D}{Dt} \int_V \alpha dV = \int_V \frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial t} dV + \int_S \alpha \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} dS$$

$$\frac{D}{Dt} \int_V \rho dV = 0 \quad \alpha = \rho$$

Control Volume Form

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_V \rho dV + \int_S \rho \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} dS = 0$$

Example:



$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_V \rho dV - \int_{S_1} \rho u ds + \int_{S_2} \rho u ds = 0$$

Incompressible  $\rho = \text{constant}$   $-\int_{S_1} u ds + \int_{S_2} u ds = 0$   $u$  still  $f(t)$   
1D at ① + ②  $u_1 S_1 = u_2 S_2$

Steady  $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} = 0$   $-\int_{S_1} \rho u ds + \int_{S_2} \rho u ds = 0$

1D at ① + ②  $\rho_1 u_1 S_1 = \rho_2 u_2 S_2$

$$\frac{D}{Dt} \int \alpha dV = \int \left( \frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\alpha \vec{v}) \right) dV$$

$$\int \left( \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \vec{v}) \right) dV = 0$$

Since the volume can be arbitrary

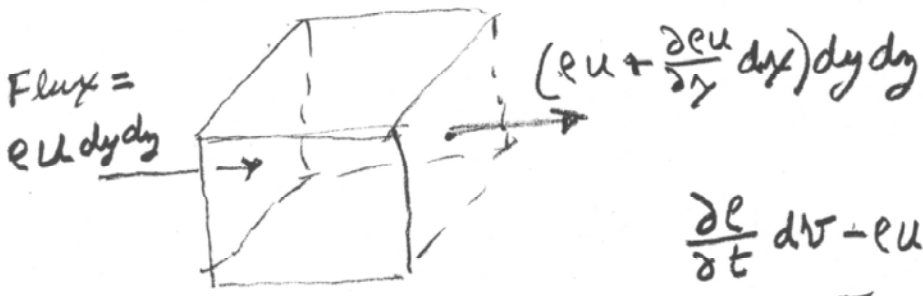
$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \vec{v}) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \rho v_x}{\partial x} = 0$$

Steady:  $\frac{\partial \rho v_x}{\partial x} = 0$

Incompressible:  $\frac{\partial \rho v_x}{\partial x} = 0$   $\rho$  can still be  $f(t)$

Derivations II Apply  $\int \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} dV + \int \rho \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} ds = 0$  to a small rectangular volume.

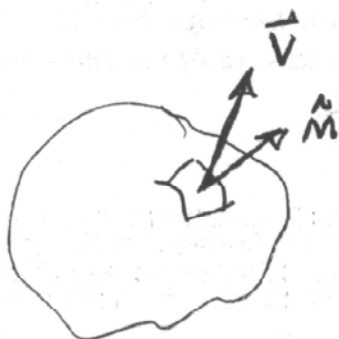


$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} dV - \rho u dy dz + \left( \rho u + \frac{\partial \rho u}{\partial x} dx \right) dy dz = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \rho u}{\partial x} = 0$$

### Derivation III

$\frac{D}{Dt} \delta m = \frac{D}{Dt} \rho \delta V = 0$   
 $\rho \delta V = \text{small volume}$   
 $\frac{D}{Dt} \rho + \rho \nabla \cdot \vec{v} = 0$   
 $\text{Vol stream} = \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{D}{Dt} \rho \delta V$



$$D V = \int_S \vec{v} \cdot \hat{m} ds dt$$

$$\frac{D V}{D t} = \int_S \vec{v} \cdot \hat{m} ds = \int_V \nabla \cdot \vec{v} dV$$

For a small Vol  $\frac{D \rho \delta V}{D t} = \rho \nabla \cdot \vec{v} \delta V$

$$\text{Vol strain} = \nabla \cdot \vec{v} = \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\frac{D \rho}{D t} + \rho \nabla \cdot \vec{v} = 0$$